Place-Based Policing



Cynthia Lum and Christopher Koper George Mason University Department of Criminology, Law and Society Center for Evidence-Based Crime Policy

Policing has long focused on individuals.



Three important points.

1. Police have to respond to individual cases of victimization.

2. The individual approach is not enough to prevent, reduce, or deter crime.

3. The crime and disorder canvas can be responsive to changes in deployment, policies, and practices.

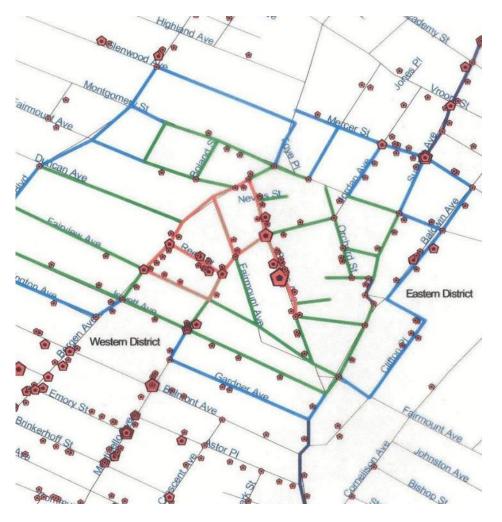
Place-Based Policing



- Community/neighborhood-based policing
- Repeat address/location problem-solving
- Crime prevention through environmental design (CPTED)
- Situational crime prevention
- Hot spots policing
- Collaborative policing/third party policing
- Pulling levers at places

Justification for Place-Based Policing

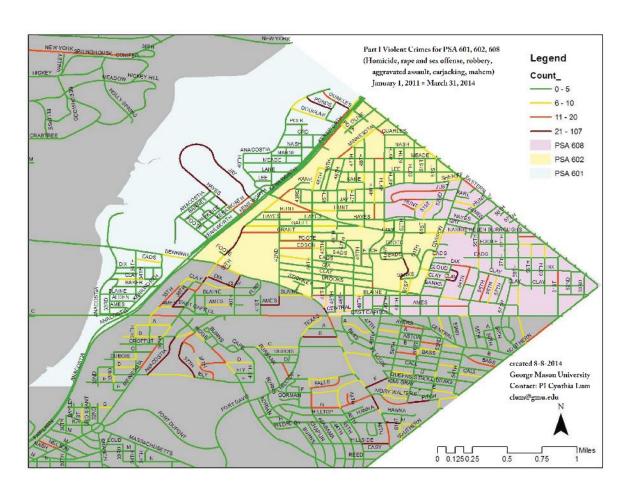
- Crime concentrates, and at very small locations.
- Concentration of crime at place is stable over time.
- Environmental, routine, structural, situational explanations.
- When police focus on places, they can reduce crime at those places.
- Spatial displacement is not consistently found in place-based studies.



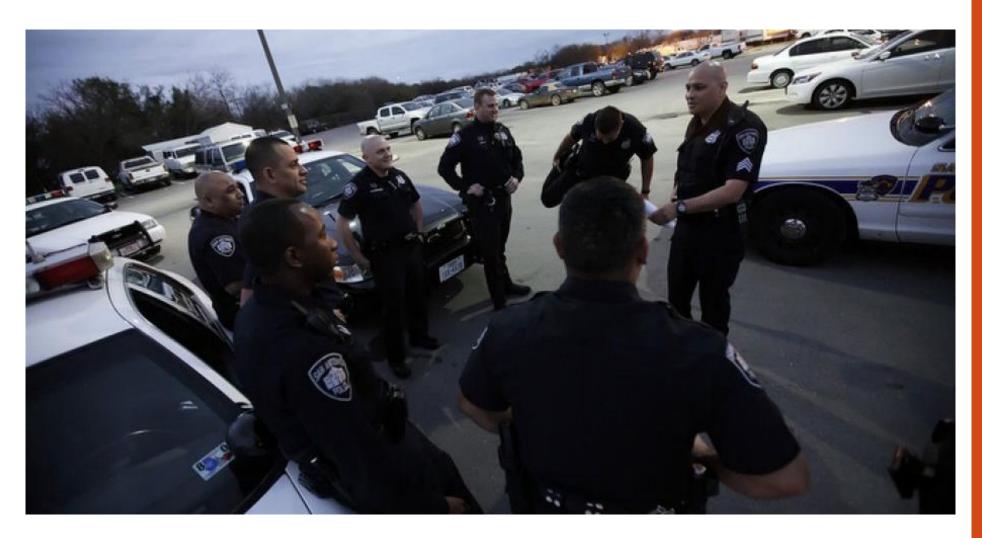
Four Pillars of an Effective Place-Based Approach



1. Regularly conduct geographic crime analysis emphasizing micro places, trends, and causality.



2. Regularly direct proactive patrol to crime concentrations, and do so in ways that maximize a deterrence effect.



3. Problem-solve at crime hot spots.



4. Engage the community when deploying at crime concentrations.



Four Pillars of an Effective Place-Based Approach

1. Regularly conduct geographic crime analysis emphasizing micro places, trends, and causality.

2. Regularly direct proactive patrol to crime concentrations, and do so in ways that maximize a deterrence effect.

3. Problem-solve at crime hot spots.

4. Engage the community.

Thank you.



Cynthia Lum and Christopher Koper George Mason University Department of Criminology, Law and Society Center for Evidence-Based Crime Policy